Microscope Worksheet:

Calculating Magnification. Converting Measurements, Estimating cell size, Calculating Field of View, Scale

1. Calculate total magnification: Ocular x Objective

Ocular	Objective	Total Magnification
10X	4X	
15X	10X	
5X	12X	
10X	10X	
10X	40X	

2. What are the possible magnifications of a microscope with an ocular marked 10X and objectives marked 5X, 15X, 30X and 60X?

3. Convert the following measurements: $1mm = 1000 \mu m$

- a. 9.2 mm =
- b. 5900 μm =
- c. 0.083 mm =
- d. 61000 μm=
- 4. Estimating cell size: (Divide the field of view by the number of cells that occupy the diameter.)
 - a. The field of view is 2500um. If a cell takes up 1/5 of the field of view, how long is the cell?
 - b. A student counts 50 cells across the diameter of the field of view, and there are 70 rows of cells. If the diameter of the field of view is $3500 \mu m$, what is the length and width of the cells?

- 5. Calculate magnification/field diameter
 - a) A microscope has a low power magnification of 40x and a field of view of 7mm. Determine the field of view of medium power if the magnification increases to 150X. Please write your answer in micrometres. (hint: cross multiply)
 - b) A specimen is 40um in length. The specimen can fit across the field of view 10 times under high power with a magnification of 450x. Determine the magnification of medium power if the medium power Field of view is 1.5mm. (hint: cross multiply)

6. Scale: (Divide diagram size by actual size.)

- a. An organism has an actual length of 0.050mm. If you draw a diagram which is 75.0mm, what is the magnification?
- b. An organism has an actual length of 0.060mm. If you draw a diagram which is 36mm, what is the magnification?
- c. An object has an actual length of 0.025mm. If you use a scale of 1:1000, what will be the size of the drawing?
- d. An organism has an actual length of 0.033mm. If you use a scale of 1:250, what will be the size of the drawing?

